



Rehabilitation of clear cut and degraded forests in the Municipality of Tirana

(Green Crown/Green Belt and Parks of Tirana)

about project

L07



Budget

The implementation cost for the rehabilitation of 50 hectares of forests is estimated at 1,200,000 Euro (excluding VAT).



Municipal contribution

The Municipality of Tirana/TPRA will cover approximately 15% of the total budget.



Municipal sectors/ directorates

Tirana Parks and Recreation Agency (TPRA)

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Green Crown/Belt of Tirana covers an area of over 40,000 hectares. More than 1 million people currently reside and/or visit this area annually. The implementation of this project includes planting and forestation of 50 hectares of clear-cut and degraded forest areas in the surroundings of Tirana. It will comprise the planting of shrubs to help control soil erosion, fruit-trees and steep slope works, reinforcements with stone in gabion with concrete belts and panels with stones in gabion.

OVERALL OBJECTIVE

Rehabilitation of clear cut and degraded zones of the Green Crown/Belt of the Municipality of Tirana, as well as within existing parks.

Establishment of a real and functional Green Belt in the outskirts of the city enabling improved air quality and maintenance of biodiversity.

Enabling the set-up of recreational activities, including hiking, trails, mountain climbing, etc.

PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION MODALITY

The Municipality of Tirana/ TPRA, in close collaboration with the donor(s), will prepare the project proposal, the procedures for a public tender, establish the criteria for the evaluation of proposals, select the contractor, and issue the contract for the implementation of the project for the rehabilitation / re-forestation of clear-cut and degraded forests.

PRELIMINARY IMPACTS

- ⇒ A functional green belt in the outskirts of Tirana contributes to cleaner air, opportunities for recreational activities and maintenance of the biodiversity of the area.
- ⇒ Protection of steep slopes from erosion and protection from the solid waste of the agriculture land, irrigation channels in the water basins of the area of interest.
- ⇒ Re-vegetation of the clear-cut areas are reversing of the soil erosion.
- ⇒ Collaborative interactions of the forest protection stakeholders including local authorities, farmers, communities and residents of the region.

